

CASE OF ALLEGED MURDERER IS CONTINUED

TRIAL OF GOSSETT OF EMBUDO POSTPONED

Interesting Session of District Court For Rio Arriba County; Statehood Mass-meeting at Tierra Amarilla.

[Special Correspondence to Morning Journal] Tierra Amarilla, June 29.—(Continued) has adjourned and the attorneys and witnesses now are on their way home. The court practically disposed of all business that was ready by Saturday night, but owing to the expected arrival of persons for whom the sheriff was out under more recent indictments, the court decided to wait until Tuesday morning, so that persons arrested and desiring to plead guilty might be accommodated, as well as those waiting jury trial.

The civil and the criminal docket, as far as all business pending when the term began, was practically cleared and in addition some business created by the term was disposed of. There were probably seventy to eighty cases, civil and criminal, that were finally acted upon. One of the most interesting cases was that of Arthur H. Gossett of Embudo, charged with killing Stewart Conover at Lyden last December. At the request of District Attorney Alexander Reed, this case was continued until the next term, owing to the serious illness of one of the most important witnesses, Dr. J. H. Murphy, of Espanola. His testimony was considered necessary to establish a cause of death on the part of the territory. Dr. Murphy is seriously ill with cancer, it is said, in a Denver hospital, and his recovery is a matter of grave doubt. Attorney A. R. Boudreau of Santa Fe is counsel for Mr. Gossett.

The case of the territory vs. Patricia Salazar and Ramon Martinez, charged with killing a Navajo Indian on the Navajo reservation for the purpose of robbery, was presented the grand jury, which at first refused to return a true bill, but on reconsideration and obtaining further evidence, returned a true bill. The case will be continued.

An important case tried was that of the territory vs. Esperdion Olivas, charged with feloniously attempting to kill Mercedes Ferran and Willie Ferran, her brother, while returning in a buggy from church. Olivas, who was drunk, stood upon a bridge crossing the Rio Puerco, and, claiming to be firing "at the air," shot at random and the bullet passed immediately over the head of Miss Ferran, shattering the glass in the rear curtain of her buggy. The court, on the motion of the defendant's attorney, took from the jury the charge of assault with intent to kill, and left for its consideration the charge of assault with a deadly weapon. After three hours' deliberation the jury returned a verdict of guilty of assault with a deadly weapon, and the defendant was sentenced to not less than eighteen months nor more than two years in the penitentiary.

Wife Beaters. Three persons, charged with wife beating, were tried. One, who had committed the same offense before and served time in the "pen" for it, was tried and again convicted. Juan Yriza, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to an indeterminate term in the penitentiary, which was afterward modified on the pathetic plea of the wife, who had three children by the defendant, the eldest of whom was 7 years. The third also pleaded guilty and was fined \$100 and costs, and sentenced to the term of one year in the penitentiary, but the penitentiary sentence was suspended during good behavior.

Cheer Taft and Andrews. On receipt of the news of the passage of the statehood bill through the senate and house, a mass meeting was that night held in the court house which was crowded to the doors. Resolutions expressive of the gratitude of the people of Rio Arriba county were unanimously and enthusiastically adopted. Venecio Jaramillo was elected chairman, T. D. Burns, B. C. Hernandez, B. A. Candelaria, A. J. Boudreau, and J. H. Boudreau, secretaries. Addresses were made by Messrs. Jaramillo, McPhee, Hernandez, Boudreau and Jose D. Sana, and the indications were that the audience was entirely in favor of the adoption of a constitution provided that it was satisfactory to the people.

The resolutions thanked the president and delegate Andrews for the passage of the statehood bill. A night session was held every night during the two weeks' term of the court, but notwithstanding the vast amount of labor done, many social attentions were paid to the court and officials, especially by the T. D. Burns and Jose R. Martinez and their respective families.

We found our care for horses The best of care guaranteed. W. I. Trimble & Co., 113 N. Second street

ROUGH RIDERS HAD TIME OF LIVES IN GOTHAM

CURRY AND MULLER TELL OF ROOSEVELT GLAD HAND

Ex-Governor Gives Credit Impartially to Everybody For Passage of Statehood Bill; Says He Will Stay Here.

[Special Dispatch to the Morning Journal] Santa Fe, N. M., June 29.—Governor Curry of New Mexico, Major Muller and other Rough Riders who have returned from the Puck from Elba recently in New York unite in the opinion that they had the time of their lives and from all accounts Mr. Roosevelt was "delighted" to grasp the horny hands of his old comrades of San Juan hill.

Mr. Curry divides credit impartially for the successful outcome of the statehood fight.

"We had a splendid time," said Governor Curry, "and all of the boys are glad they went to New York to welcome Colonel Roosevelt, for we were treated royally."

"Mr. Roosevelt seems in the best of health, and if he has serious trouble there was little evidence of it. It is true he has gained weight and has to exercise vigorously to keep it down."

Discussing politics Mr. Curry said that New Mexico may well feel proud of approaching statehood and added: "We are going to get statehood this time and no mistake. We all ought to be glad of it for this is a great boon for New Mexico. A great share of the credit for getting statehood, it is well to remember, goes by right to Hon. H. O. Burrum. Why? Because it was Mr. Burrum, as everyone knows, who mailed the statehood, separate statehood plank into the national platform and thus put it up to the party to redeem that pledge. And right loyally did Mr. Taft, Mr. Hitchcock and all of the friends of New Mexico work for redeeming this pledge. I am not seeking credit for efforts in this line. It is but proper to give credit to those from New Mexico who helped the cause and in this connection, Delegate Andrews deserves praise for the steady fight he made for statehood as the representative of New Mexico at Washington, and to those Governor Mills, whose appearance in Washington at the proper time did a great deal of good."

"It is true that there was some difference of opinion among the representatives of New Mexico who were in Washington just before the statehood measure was put through. These differences were largely as to the feasibility of passing the senate or the house bill."

But now that we have statehood coming to us, there is nothing to be gained by discussing these differences of opinion. We should all put our shoulders to the wheel and see that New Mexico moves forward, and gets a good constitution. Office-seeking can come afterwards."

When asked about the reports printed all over the country that Mr. Williams, a former civil service commissioner would be a candidate for the senate from New Mexico, Mr. Curry said that Mr. Williams was an able and popular young man, but that as far as he knows he now has his residence in Arizona where he expects to live for some time on account of his health. Mr. Curry seemed to take no stock in the rumor of Mr. Williams' candidacy for the senate.

He said emphatically that the credit for the passage of the statehood bill belongs primarily to President Taft and that in the second place, Postmaster General Frank H. Hitchcock had much to do with it. Governor Mills, too, by reason of his official position and friendship with President Taft, had more to do with it than appears on the surface," said the ex-governor. Friends of Governor Curry know also that in Washington where he has many influential friends, both sides of the party fence, was an important factor.

To Stay in New Mexico. Mr. Curry made it quite plain that he intends to live in New Mexico and any rumors of his probable appointment to a post in the Philippine Islands where it is said he has business interests, are unfounded.

"If I wish any appointment I can go before the people and ask it," was the former governor's significant declaration.

Major Muller Back. Major Fred Muller was back at his office in the land office this morning, and was enthusiastic over the reception given Mr. Roosevelt and his Rough Riders in New York City. "We had a great parade," he said, "and we are all proud of the way the boys conducted themselves. Cornelius Vanderbilt, the chairman of the reception committee, wrote a letter which was read at our camp meeting telling how pleased the committee was with the conduct of the Rough Riders. We had a long march, for we mounted our horses at 9:30 a. m. and I suppose we paraded twelve miles before we got through. We rode in front of Colonel Roosevelt who stood up during the entire parade, saluting the hundreds of thousands of spectators who lined Fifth Avenue. It was a great spectacle. And after it was all over, after the really strenuous day, Mr. Roosevelt put in with the thermometer above ninety in the shade. Mr. Roosevelt was down at his office with the Outlook company the next morning."

Major W. H. M. Llewellyn, whom Roosevelt has more than once referred to as his "personal friend," was prominent in the parade and at the reception to the colonel. The major who is well known throughout the territory did not reach New Mexico with the other "boys." It is said he stopped over in the Windy City to visit some of his relatives. He will soon return to his home in Las Cruces, however.

Kaiser Made the Big Hit with Roosevelt. That "His Imperial and Royal Highness, Emperor William of Germany," apparently made the greatest "hit" with Colonel Theodore Roosevelt during his "roundup" of the courts of Europe recently is the opinion of a number of Rough Riders who had the privilege of sitting near Teddy at a banquet given in New York shortly after Mr. Roosevelt's return to this country. At this banquet only Rough Riders were present, and all newsmen and even personal friends of the president were rigorously excluded in order that a heart to heart talk might be had with the colonel.

From what could be gathered from accounts of the banquet today when a number of Rough Riders came back, including former Governor Curry and Major Fred Muller, Mr. Roosevelt never tired talking of his visit with Emperor William, the great soldier, who is said to be a man after Roosevelt's own heart.

The emperor is said to have told Mr. Roosevelt that he and his generals were amazed at the rapidity with which Rough Riders were drilled and made into men of war.

"In Germany it takes three years to get a soldier properly drilled to go to the front," said the emperor, Colonel Roosevelt, it is reported, told the Kaiser that the Rough Riders knew what they had to do and did it, having led a life where they were trained to adapt themselves to circumstances and make most of the opportunity.

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FAIR AND GOOD HEARTED DECLARES JUDGE ABBOTT

Albuquerque Jurist Tells New Englanders How His Own Prejudice Vanished When He Got Acquainted.

Judge Ira A. Abbott of the district court in this city, who is now revisiting his old home in Haverhill, Mass., in a recent interview with a Haverhill newspaper put in a good word for the native people of New Mexico. The interview is as follows:

Judge Ira A. Abbott, associate justice of the supreme court of New Mexico, who is now at his home in this city on a business and pleasure trip, speaks enthusiastically of the future of the new state and predicts the making of a conservative constitution by the coming convention. He also says a good word for the little understood native of New Mexico.

"While there is not the slightest doubt that the first gubernatorial campaign in New Mexico will be a warm contest," said the judge, "I look for a quiet, dispassionate constitutional convention next fall when we fashion the form of government under which the state of New Mexico will begin its career. I look for an instrument so conservative that there will be no question of its acceptance by the people of the state or of its approval by the president and congress."

"I lose this belief upon my knowledge of the character of the citizenship generally, but more particularly upon the vote of acceptance of the joint statehood bill a few years ago. You remember a bill passed congress making New Mexico and Arizona a single state. At the time President Roosevelt said the territories would not get another chance to enter the union for 15 years. New Mexico accepted that bill."

"No bickering probable." In the light of previous events, New Mexico had much more reason to fear Arizona than Arizona had to fear New Mexico, and still the section least likely to prevail in a conflict of interests was the section which was willing to go ahead and do the best it could. As I see it, the people of New Mexico are so anxious to govern their own affairs that they will govern upon a basis of law-making without bickering.

"In many respects New Mexico is different from the other states and territories. Its population, approximately 300,000, is half native or Mexican, and half what is generally called American. The latter element has a diversified origin. At the first social gathering I attended in Santa Fe, five years ago, the 14 men present came from 13 states. In the southwestern corner of New Mexico are people from Texas for the most part. In the northwestern corner are people from the northern and western states, quite different in temperament."

"Dividing these sections are the mountains and the Rio Grande valley, in which my town of Albuquerque is situated, and where most of the native New Mexicans live. They are a peaceful, easy-going people, who retired to the altitude because of the more aggressive Anglo-Saxons. They are not without courage, however, nor of love for America. During the civil war this handful of people furnished between 2,000 and 3,000 Union volunteers, and the records show that the New Mexican soldier did his part."

New England Prejudice. "I went out there with the New England prejudice against them—bowed them to be lazy and lawless and the kind of fellows who needed some controlling hand. It did not take me long to discover my error. While they are largely illiterate, they are naturally sensible and make good jurors. The problem before a New Mexican jury may be strange and complex, but it is taken hold of in a thoroughly competent way, and usually finds a good, common sense solution."

"They pay much more attention to the remote degrees of kindness than we do, and think a lot of their own and still I do not call them chaps. An American would stand a much better chance of getting justice from a New Mexican jury than a New Mexican would from an American jury. While they fear the Texans and Indians, with both of whom they have had much trouble in the past, I find the Texas and Indian is treated fairly in jury cases."

"And they are a good-hearted people. If I shall ever be lost, without a dollar or a friend, I hope New Mexicans will find me. They probably won't have much to give, but they will share what they have and not view their generosity as charity. It is their way. You know that there is not, and never has been, an almshouse in New Mexico."

Plenty of Children. "When a fellow dies, if he is around 20 or 25 years old, he is pretty sure to leave six or eight children. The dead man's brother or sister or some relative will take in the orphan and bring up the child. There is no danger of the race dying out. They are like all poor people—have plenty of children. I think if Teddy had thought a while he would not have preached against race suicide. There may be chess suicide, but so long as the poor are with us there will be no race suicide."

The New Mexicans have great respect for the law. While they cannot read or write, taken as a class, they are getting to want their children to, and I believe that they recognize that their self-preservation demands it. I look for their acceptance of the constitution."

Impossible. "Couldn't you stop that steam pipe from hissing so?" said the provoked tragedian to the property man as he came off the stage. "Not while you were on the stage, sir!" was the reply of the attendant—Yonkers Statesman.

Supreme Court to Hold Long Session. Will Convene in Santa Fe on July 19 and Many Cases Will be Disposed of, New Judges Probable.

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Case of Harmon to Come Up Again at Las Vegas.

[Special Dispatch to the Morning Journal] Las Vegas, N. M., June 29.—Judge John B. McPhee will arrive here July 1 to take up district court matters which were left when he adjourned the session at the close of the Harmon murder trial. Sentence was deferred upon Harmon, as Judge E. V. Long, attorney for the defendant, announced that he would make an appeal. Judge McPhee will hear arguments on this appeal, and probably dispose of the plea, but no further cases will be heard during the session. The committee in charge of the arrangements of the 4th of July celebration of the Santa Fe trail and the dedication of the Gallinas bridge has received a letter from Governor W. J. Mills in which he states that he will be here and make an address. He will be accompanied by his staff and the First Regimental band from Santa Fe.

Between 2 and 2 o'clock last night Las Vegas was visited by one of the heaviest downpours in years. The streets and sweeping everything before it. The reports from the surrounding country indicate that the rain was general, extending for miles on the mesa much to the delight of the farmers on there.

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HALF CENTURY IN NEW MEXICO

Pioneer of Galisteo Says New State Has Great Future; Plenty of Resources to Be Developed.

His Morning Journal Special Teased Wire Santa Fe, N. M., June 29.—A pioneer resident of New Mexico who is taking an active interest in the future of the proposed new state is Sylvester Davis, who came to New Mexico a little over fifty years ago and who for almost forty years has been a resident of Galisteo, N. M.

Mr. Davis was in Santa Fe today on business and discussed in an interesting manner, the history of many a statehood fight which has been waged in the last half century. He was born at Wakefield, N. H., and came west to Colorado in search of gold, finally drifting to New Mexico where he has lived ever since. Mr. Davis is over seventy years of age and easily reads a newspaper without glasses.

"I hope to see a good constitution adopted and good state officers elected," he said, "and then we are all right. New Mexico has the resources to make a great state and I have great faith in her future."

KITCHENER MAY RULE AS VICEROY OVER EGYPT. London, June 29.—Former President Roosevelt's criticisms on Egyptian affairs are likely to bear fruit, according to the Daily Telegraph, which hears that Sir Eldon Gorst, the British agent at Cairo, will become ambassador at Constantinople, whence Sir G. A. Lowther will go to St. Petersburg to replace Sir A. Nicholson, who has just been appointed permanent under-secretary of the foreign office. This says the Telegraph, should open the way for the appointment of Lord Kitchener as British agent at Cairo.

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YOU INTERESTING. The Umpire—Say, Chumme, I want er resign. Heard, But Not Seen. "Have you seen any crows?" asked "No, I ain't," replied the farmer's boy, "but I've heard some."

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CRAIG OF MONTANA TO COME HERE SAYS GLANCY

Possible Successor to Dr. Gray at University Will Look Over Ground; Official Notes From Santa Fe.

[Special Dispatch to the Morning Journal] Santa Fe, N. M., June 29.—Attorney General Frank W. Glancy, a member of the board of regents of the University of New Mexico at Albuquerque, today affirmed the report that Rev. E. McQueen Gray had resigned as president of the university on account of the ill health of his wife, and that he would be succeeded by Dr. E. Craig, president of the University of Montana, who would come to Albuquerque to meet with the regents and look over the situation, preliminary to his being offered the presidency, if an agreement is reached. He spoke very lightly of Doctor Gray, who, in a few years, had built up the University of Montana from a small foundation to one of the most important educational institutions of the northwest.

"One thing is sure," New England has nothing to fear from having New Mexico for a sister state."

Arizona Issues Call for Election. Governor Mills has received the official call of Governor Sloan of Arizona for the election for delegates to the constitutional convention which will be held on September 12, almost a week later than New Mexico.

Requisition Issued. Governor Mills, upon application of Attorney E. G. Holly of Los Moras, today issued requisition papers for A. G. Shutt, in custody in Oklahoma, and wanted in Roy on the charge of issuing bogus checks to the amount of \$750. A Colfax county officer will go to Oklahoma and present the papers to Governor Haskell and to bring back with him Shutt, should the requisition be honored by Oklahoma's executive.

Notaries Public Appointed. Governor Mills today appointed the following notaries public: Mrs. Ella Gillespie, Colmar, Colfax county; William D. Wasson of Estancia, Torrance county.

Headquarters and Agents Changed. The Burro Mountain Copper company today filed with Territorial Secretary Nathan Jaffa a certificate changing its headquarters from Silver City to Leopold and appointing James T. Hall, New Mexico agent.

Capitalization Increased. The Homestake Mining and Development company today filed a certificate of increase of stock with Territorial Secretary Nathan Jaffa, increasing the capitalization of the company from \$150,000 to \$500,000. The headquarters of the company are at Silver City.

Falling Off in Incorporations. While last quarter saw the largest number of incorporations on record for any quarter and a turning over of about \$7,000 in fees the quarter that will close this week touched low water mark and fees collected of only about \$2,000.

District Court. In the district court for Torrance county, suit was filed today by The Estancia Lumber company vs. S. V. Cochran on a promissory note. Judgment for \$149.18 is asked.

Tax Collections. Traveling Auditor Charles V. Safford announces that up to June 1 there had been collected \$4.4 per cent of taxes on the 1909 duty. Santa Fe county leads with collections of 90 per cent, while Sandoval county is lowest with 44.5 per cent. The other counties have collected as follows: Bernalillo, 56.4; Chavez, 56.3; Colfax, 67.9; Curry, 59.1; Dona Ana, 51.7; Eddy, 68.8; Grant, 53.8; Guadalupe, 49.1; Lincoln, 44.7; McKinley, 62.5; Mora, 68; Otero, 55.1; Santa Fe, 55.5; Rio Arriba, 48; Roosevelt, 58.2; San Juan, 67.3; San Miguel, 67.3; Santa Fe, 57.2; Sierra, 68.6; Socorro, 64.8; Taos, 55; Torrance, 60.3; Union, 67.3; Valencia, 56.4.

GEORGE TROUTMAN HAS LIVELY ENCOUNTER IN STATION AT EL PASO

George Troutman, formerly Santa Fe station master in Albuquerque, and later special officer at the stockyards, has had trouble of his own in El Paso. The El Paso Herald says: "George W. Troutman, watchman for the Santa Fe at the union station, and Eugene W. Mitchell of the employment agency of Fall & Mitchell, engaged in a verbal controversy and a personal encounter at the union station Tuesday morning just prior to the departure of the Santa Fe train No. 314 for the north. Troutman was struck by Mitchell's fist and Mitchell received a painful scalp wound from a six-shooter wielded by Troutman, who has but one arm."

Mitchell brought a gang of Mexican laborers to the train to be shipped out of the city and found that reservation had not been made for them. A rival agency was also shipping out a gang of Mexicans and Mitchell is said to have upbraided Troutman for not making reservation for his laborers. Officer Will Hord interfered and arrested both men on a charge of fighting. They were taken to the police station. Troutman lost his arm several years ago while a freight conductor on the Santa Fe.

Both men when taken to the police station and into police court for trial expressed themselves as sorry the thing happened and said they were willing to be friends. Under the circumstances Judge Lea released both.

TRIALS OF A GHOST. First Spook (despairingly)—It's no use, I did my best chain-clanking behind him, and— Second Spook—Didn't he yell? First Spook—No; he only jumped and said: "Thank Heaven! I thought it was an automobile."

YOU INTERESTING. The Umpire—Say, Chumme, I want er resign. Heard, But Not Seen. "Have you seen any crows?" asked "No, I ain't," replied the farmer's boy, "but I've heard some."

"From what direction?" cried the owner faster. "In the direction of the chicken house," the boy said, and his statement was immediately verified by the clucking calls of two Plymouth Rock roosters.—Chicago News.